

(उत्पादन संभावना वक्र)
Production Possibility Curve

उत्पादन संभावना वक्र एक रेखाचित्र द्वारा दर्शाया जाता है जो एक समाप्त संसाधनों के साथ एक निश्चित प्रौद्योगिकी के साथ उत्पादन के विभिन्न संयोजनों को दर्शाता है। यह वक्र एक सीमा रेखा के रूप में कार्य करता है जो एक निश्चित संयोजन में उत्पादन के अधिकतम संभव स्तर को दर्शाता है।

संसाधन सीमित तथा आवश्यकता असीमित हैं इसलिए सभी आवश्यकताओं की पूर्ति करने के लिए असीमित संसाधनों की आवश्यकता है। उत्पादन करना आवश्यक है। उत्पादन के साधन सीमित हैं के कारण हम कुछ वस्तुओं को छोड़कर नहीं कर सकते हैं। इसलिए न्यूनतम की समझा उत्पादन की सीमा है। इस वजह से हम एक वक्र का गठन करते हैं।

When this Production possibility set is graphed, it is called the Production Possibility Curve. Thus a Production Possibility Curve can be defined as a graphical representation of the different combinations of two commodities that can be available produced with the help of the available resources in an economy. The scarce resources of the economy give rise to

Private ownership and control of most of the means of production but often under govt regulation

A Particular Combination of diff goods and Services. The collection of all possible combinations of goods and Services that can be produced from a given amount of resources and technology is called the Production Possibility Set of the economy.

Production Possibilities of cloth and Rice

① Production Possibilities	② cloth	③ Rice
A	0	25 30
B	1	20 25
C	2	15 20
D	3	10 15
E	4	5 10
F	5	0 5
	6	

A socialist economy is a system of production where goods and services are produced directly for use. In contrast to a capitalist economic system where goods and services are produced to generate profit. Production under socialism would be directly for use.

In simple words socialist economy the setup is exactly opposite to that of a capitalist economy. In such an economy the factors of production are all state-owned. All citizens get the benefits from the production of goods and services on the basis of equal rights. This type of economy is also known as the command economy.

iii) मिश्र अर्थव्यवस्था (Mixed Economy) :-

A mixed economic system is a system that combines aspects of both capitalism and socialism. A mixed economic system protects private property and allows a level of economic freedom in the use of capital but also allows for the govt to interfere in economic activities in order to achieve social aims. A mixed economy typically maintains